

### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

Please accept amended Claims, 3, 5, 9-11, 16, and 20-22 as follows:

1-2. (Cancelled).

3. (Currently Amended) A computer ~~system~~ processor having a vector register architecture for processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the vector register architecture comprising:

a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors;

a pointer array electrically coupled by a bus to the vector data file, the pointer array including a plurality of entries wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file;

the at least one storage element for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and

wherein the pointer array includes at least one entry which is updated based on one of data read out from at least one data element in the vector data file and data generated by performing an increment operation on data read from at least one entry of the pointer array, wherein the pointer array includes at least two entries which are updated as part of a same logical operation.

4. (Cancelled)

5. (Currently Amended) A computer system processor having a vector register architecture for processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the vector register architecture comprising

a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors;

a pointer array electrically coupled by a bus to the vector data file, the pointer array including a plurality of entries wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file;

the at least one storage element for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and

wherein the pointer array includes at least one entry which is updated based on one of data read out from at least one data element in the vector data file and on data generated by performing an increment operation on data read from at least one entry of the pointer array, wherein the increment operation includes at least one of a modulo operation and a stride operation.

6. (Original) The system as recited in claim 5, wherein the pointer array includes at least two entries which are updated as part of a same logical operation.

7. (Previously Presented) The system as recited in claim 3, wherein the increment operation includes at least one of a modulo operation and a stride operation.

8. (Previously Presented) The system as recited in claim 3, wherein each entry of the pointer array includes a starting address of at least one storage element in the vector data file.

9. (Currently Amended) A computer system processor having a vector register architecture for processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the vector register architecture comprising

a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors;

a pointer array electrically coupled by a bus to the vector data file, the pointer array including a plurality of entries wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file;

the at least one storage element for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and

wherein the storage elements of the vector data file are logically organized in a matrix of rows and columns, and wherein each entry of the pointer array includes an address representing the row and column of at least one element in the vector data file.

10. (Currently Amended) A computer system processor having a vector register architecture for processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the vector register architecture comprising

a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors;

a pointer array electrically coupled by a bus to the vector data file, the pointer array including a plurality of entries wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file;

the at least one storage element for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and

wherein the storage elements of the vector file data are logically organized in a matrix of rows and columns, and wherein each array of the pointer array includes an address representing the row and column of a single element in the vector data file.

11. (Currently Amended) A computer ~~system~~ processor having a vector register architecture for processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the vector register architecture comprising

a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors;

a pointer array electrically coupled by a bus to the vector data file, the pointer array including a plurality of entries wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file;

the at least one storage element for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and

wherein, for any given entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the any given entry is independent with respect to the at least one storage element identified by other entries of the pointer array.

12-13. (Cancelled)

14. (Previously Presented) A computer-implemented method for processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors, and

providing a pointer array having a plurality of entries, wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and

updating at least one of the entries of the pointer array based on one of data read out from at least one data element in the vector data file and data generated by performing an increment operation on data read from at least one entry of the pointer array, wherein at least two entries of the pointer array are updated as part of a same logical operation.

15. (Cancelled)

16. (Currently Amended) The computer-implemented method as recited in claim 14, further comprising the step of:

~~— providing a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors, and~~

~~— providing a pointer array having a plurality of entries, wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and~~

~~updating at least one of the entries of the pointer array based on one of data read out from at least one data element in the vector data file and data generated by performing an increment operation on data read from at least one entry of the pointer array, wherein the increment operation further includes at least one of a modulo operation and a stride operation on data read from at least one entry of the pointer array.~~

17. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method as recited in claim 16, wherein at least two entries of the pointer array are updated as part of a same logical operation.

18. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method as recited in claim 14, wherein the increment operation further includes at least one of a modulo operation and a stride operation on data read from at least one entry of the pointer array.

19. (Previously Presented) The computer-implemented method as recited in claim 14, wherein each entry of the pointer array stores a starting address of at least one storage element in the vector data file.

20. (Currently Amended) A The computer-implemented method as recited in claim 14, for ~~processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the~~ method comprising the steps of:

~~—providing a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors, and~~

~~providing a pointer array having a plurality of entries, wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and~~

~~wherein the storage elements of the vector data file are logically organized in a matrix of rows and columns, and wherein each entry of the pointer array stores an address representing the row and column of at least one element in the vector data file.~~

21. (Currently Amended) A The computer-implemented method as recited in claim 14, for ~~processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the~~ method comprising the steps of:

~~providing a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors, and~~

~~providing a pointer array having a plurality of entries, wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file;~~  
and

wherein the storage elements of the vector file data are logically organized in a matrix of rows and columns, and wherein each array of the pointer array stores an address representing the row and column of a single element in the vector data file.

22. (Currently Amended) A The computer-implemented method as recited in claim 14, for processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the method comprising the steps of:

~~providing a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors, and~~

~~providing a pointer array having a plurality of entries, wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file;~~  
and

wherein, for any given entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the any given entry is independent with respect to the at least one storage element identified by other entries of the pointer array.



23-24. (Cancelled).

25. (Previously Presented) A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the method steps comprising:

providing a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors, and

providing a pointer array having a plurality of entries, wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and

updating at least one of the entries of the pointer array based on one of data read out from at least one data element in the vector data file and data generated by performing an increment operation on data read from at least one entry of the pointer array, wherein at least two entries of the pointer array are updated as part of a same logical operation.

26. (Cancelled)

27. (Previously Presented) A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for processing

operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the method steps comprising:

providing a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors, and

providing a pointer array having a plurality of entries, wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and

updating at least one of the entries of the pointer array based on one of data read out from at least one data element in the vector data file and data generated by performing an increment operation on data read from at least one entry of the pointer array, wherein the increment operation further includes at least one of a modulo operation and a stride operation on data read from at least one entry of the pointer array.

28. (Original) The program storage device as recited in claim 27, wherein at least two entries of the pointer array are updated as part of a same logical operation.

29. (Previously Presented) The program storage device as recited in claim 25, wherein the increment operation further includes at least one of a modulo operation and a stride operation on data read from at least one entry of the pointer array.

30. (Previously Presented) The program storage device as recited in claim 25, wherein each entry of the pointer array stores a starting address of at least one storage element in the vector data file.

31. (Previously Presented) A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the method steps comprising:

providing a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors, and

providing a pointer array having a plurality of entries, wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file,

wherein the storage elements of the vector data file are logically organized in a matrix of rows and columns, and wherein each entry of the pointer array stores an address representing the row and column of at least one element in the vector data file.

32. (Previously Presented) A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the method steps comprising:

providing a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors,

providing a pointer array having a plurality of entries, wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and

wherein the storage elements of the vector file data are logically organized in a matrix of rows and columns, and wherein each array of the pointer array stores an address representing the row and column of a single element in the vector data file.

33. (Previously Presented) A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for processing operations that use data vectors each comprising a plurality of data elements, the method steps comprising:

providing a vector data file comprising a plurality of storage elements for storing data elements of the data vectors,

providing a pointer array having a plurality of entries, wherein each entry identifies at least one storage element in the vector data file for storing at least one data element of the data vectors, wherein for at least one particular entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the particular entry has an arbitrary starting address in the vector data file; and

wherein, for any given entry in the pointer array, the at least one storage element identified by the any given entry is independent with respect to the at least one storage element identified by other entries of the pointer array.

34-60. (Cancelled)